

## 2 SPECIALS

FOR  
ONE WEEK ONLY  
Ending August 3d.

IN THE CROCKERY AND  
GLASSWARE DEPARTMENT.

Tin-covered Jelly Glasses, at  
30c. Per Dozen.

IN THE HOUSEFURNISHING  
DEPARTMENT.

Best quality of floor mops  
with handles complete, at

25 Cents Each.

See the display of both articles  
in our front windows.

**W. W. Dimond & Co.**  
LIMITED.

—Dealers in—  
CROCKERY, GLASS, AND  
HOUSEFURNISHING  
UTENSILS.

Sole Agents for the  
CELEBRATED JEWEL  
STOVES and  
REFRIGERATORS.  
GURNEY

## It Will Keep

Your Premises,  
Stables and  
Outhouses

## SCLEAN

And  
PURE

And in  
Good Condition.

One Pint will make a  
Bucket of the best disinfecting

**Medium**

Price 25c per Pint.

Put up in gallon, 5  
gallon and barrel con  
tainers.

**Hollister Drug Co**  
Fort Street.

## TO KISS AND BE IMMUNE

Proper Course Is  
Laid Down by  
Pratt.

Do not let others kiss you in  
discriminately, and never with-  
out first carefully wiping your  
lips with carbolic rose-water  
and thoroughly drying them.

Tuberculosis is so general that  
the Board of Health has issued a pro-  
clamation to prevent the spread of in-  
fection. One of the provisions is against  
kissing. The Board does not make a  
regulation, only a recommendation. The  
decision to warn the public was not  
reached in time to have the Legisla-  
ture pass a law on the subject, else  
the chances are this would have been  
done, the subject being one which  
would have appealed strongly.

Consumptives are given special warn-  
ing and advice by the Board through a  
circular which will be distributed  
broadly, printed in half a dozen lan-  
guages. This circular, prepared by Ex-  
ecutive Officer Pratt, is in line with sim-  
ilar proclamations being made in other  
cities of the United States, and is of  
vital importance to the people of the  
Hawaiian Islands.

The principal warning of the Board is  
directed against the practice of public  
expectoration, and the general public as  
well as consumptives is requested to  
discontinue the offensive practice.

In this circular the Board also states  
that consumption is not necessarily fa-  
tal, neither is it hereditary. A warning  
is also directed against the practice of  
indiscriminate kissing, and the Board  
gives some valuable advice, which may  
or may not be observed by the people.

The circular was approved by the  
Board of Health yesterday and ordered  
printed for distribution. It is as fol-  
lows:

To the Consumptive: Direct: Your  
breath is not infectious, and people need  
not fear you on that account.

Only what you cough up is dangerous,  
and that only when it gets dry. If this  
is spat up in your room on the floor and  
elsewhere, and allowed to become dry it  
will poison the air so that you may re-  
infect yourself and thus weaken or de-  
stroy the chance of your recovery.

When you cough do not swallow what  
comes up in your throat; spit it out,  
either into a bit of rag or paper, to be  
burned at once, or into water in a cup  
or vessel to be emptied frequently into  
the sewer through the waste pipe; the  
sewerage system will destroy the consump-  
tive germs. By swallowing again there  
is danger of extending the disease to the  
bowels.

Do not let others kiss you indiscrimi-  
nately, and never without first carefully  
wiping your lips with carbolic rose-  
water and thoroughly drying them.

Consumption is not hereditary, and  
consequently, parents need not fear that  
they will transmit it to their children,  
except that the close and intimate rela-  
tions between a consumptive mother and  
her child increase the danger of in-  
fection. If the child-cup matter is allowed  
to become dry before it is destroyed.

Most importantly: Remember that con-  
sumption is not necessarily a fatal dis-  
ease. Many persons who have died of  
other diseases have been found with  
healed-up scars in the lungs, showing  
that they have been cured of consump-  
tion. More cases of consumption are  
cured by medical aid than is generally  
known—especially in this climate. Fol-  
low your doctor's instructions implicitly  
and don't impair his chance of curing  
you by re-infecting yourself. Insist on  
having all your expectorations promptly  
destroyed for your own sake as well as  
for the sake of others.

To the Family of a Consumptive: Study  
the principle underlying the foregoing.  
Make it a family duty incumbent on ev-  
ery member to see that no expectorated  
matter is allowed to get dry before be-  
ing burned or emptied into the waste  
pipes.

Handkerchiefs should not be used by  
the consumptive, but if they are they  
should be immersed in water after each  
use and kept wet until they can be thor-  
oughly boiled. Articles of clothing, bed-  
ding, etc., that may be accidentally soiled  
with the consumptive sputa, should be treated  
in the same way, or be thoroughly  
sprayed off with carbolic water.

Shoes, caps, gloves and other articles  
used by a consumptive should be thor-  
oughly washed and scalded as soon after  
use as possible.

When in doubt as to other details of  
this kind consult the doctor and rely upon  
him implicitly.

To the Public: The duty of the public  
as to consumption is obvious.  
Discourage the practice of public ex-  
pectoration, both by present and ex-  
ample. It is not only offensive to those  
who witness it, but dangerous to those  
who come along later when the expecto-  
ration is dried up, powdered and float-  
ing in the air.

Thrust a copy of this circular into the  
hands of the next person you see hawk-  
ing and sitting on the street car or in  
a public place or vehicle.

**STRECKER NOW  
SHOOTING KING**

Adolph Strecker of San Francisco is  
now the undisputed rifle king of the  
United States for the next three years.  
The latest scores in the championship  
shoot at the Big target, 200 shots at  
600 feet range were:

A. Strecker, San Francisco, 394; L. P.  
Hill, Allegheny, Pa., 392; "Ex-King" F.  
C. Ross, New York, 375; F. E. Mason,  
San Francisco, 371; A. H. Pope, San  
Francisco, 368; F. W. Belknap, Los An-  
geles, 360. The king target records are:  
1895, F. C. Ross, New York, 371; 1898,  
W. Hayes, New Jersey, 373; 1901, A. F.  
Strecker, 394.

Burns and Waterhouse's Rosewar  
won the \$2,500 Lakeview Handicap at  
Chicago.

Pink Coat, the Derby hero of '98 at

odds of 10 to 1 and with 118 pounds up  
won the \$7,500 Wheeler Handicap at  
Chicago. Advance Guard was second.  
The time, 2:04 1-5, is the track record  
for one mile and a quarter.

A. H. and D. H. Morris' Compute at  
the lucrative price of 30 to 1 won the  
rich Exhall stakes of \$15,000 at Bright-  
on Beach, Hyphen was second.

James H. Carroll, a well-known San  
Francisco sporting man, is dead.  
On the first day of the Grand Circuit  
meeting at Cleveland, Sister Alice won  
the 2:10 class trot, best time 2:12; Mar-  
tha Marshall won the 2:13 class pace,  
best time 2:09 1-2; Metellus won the 2:16  
class trot, best time 2:11; Audubon Boy  
won the 2:20 class pace, best time  
2:09 1-2.

The race between the Constitution  
and the Columbia on Long Island  
Sound again demonstrated that the  
Constitution is the faster fair-weather  
craft. In a light breeze and smooth  
water, over a 21-mile course, the Col-  
umbia was defeated four minutes and  
eighteen seconds elapsed time.

H. O. Blackstaff of the Vesta Row-  
ing Club won the Wingfield sculls,  
which carry the title of amateur row-  
ing champion of England in a race over  
the Thames championship course, de-  
fecting G. Ashe and A. H. Clouett by  
twenty lengths.

The mixed wrestling match between  
pugilists Tom Sharkey and Peter Ma-  
her at Philadelphia resulted in a draw.  
Each man got a fall. In the third bout  
neither man had any advantage at the  
end of time.

On the last day of the National As-  
sociation of Amateur Oarsmen regatta,  
the world's champion, Vesper, eight-  
oared shell crew of Philadelphia, was  
beaten by the Argonaut crew of Tor-  
onto and the crew of the Winnipeg  
Rowing Club. It was the Vesper's first  
defeat.

Ten Eyck easily defeated Greer in the  
race for the single scull championship.  
The winner has announced his retirement  
from aquatic.

H. A. Widemann, holder of several  
world's records, and Scott Leary, who  
has rapidly come to the front as a  
crack swimmer, will meet in a series of  
three races in San Francisco on Aug-  
ust 5th, 7th and 9th. The races will  
be at fifty yards, seventy-five yards and  
100 yards.

Arthur Duffy of Georgetown Univer-  
sity in the Infantry sports at Leices-  
ter, England, won the 100-yard dash in  
0:09 4-5, the world's record, beating  
McLean, the amateur champion of  
England.

Kraenzlein of the University of  
Pennsylvania won the 120-yard hurdle  
handicap from scratch in 0:15 2-5.

## TO REDUCE ARMY COSTS

MANILA, July 22.—The conference  
between Adjutant General Corbin and  
General Chaffee, recently held here, will  
probably result in radical economical  
and administrative reforms in the army  
of occupation. It is estimated that the  
total cost of maintaining the American  
Army in the Philippines can be reduced  
by 60 per cent in the course of one year.  
The principal change will be the re-  
duction of the present force to between  
20,000 and 30,000. The abolishment of  
the present Army districts is con-  
templated and three brigades with per-  
manent headquarters at Manila, Dagu-  
pan and Iloilo or Cebu will be instituted  
in their stead. The troops will be con-  
centrated at three points selected, aban-  
doning all minor posts.

Generals Corbin and Chaffee have al-  
so decided upon one single general mil-  
itary hospital, to replace the seven mil-  
itary hospitals in Manila and vicinity.

The Insular constabulary is now be-  
ing organized. It will be maintained  
by the Insular government, and is ex-  
pected to be amply able to preserve  
peace and enforce the law. This con-  
stabulary will, as a general rule, be  
armed with rifles, but its members  
have been given 5,000 shotguns and 2-  
000 ponies relinquished by the Army.

## SOUTHWEST IS SCORCHED

KANSAS CITY, July 22.—The South-  
west literally was scorched today by a  
hot wave that broke all previous re-  
cords. The Government thermometer re-  
mained above the 100 mark for seven  
hours and nine deaths resulted from  
the heat. Scarcity of water in the  
rural districts of the States has caused  
great suffering and loss among live  
stock and farmers are rushing their  
cattle to market on this account. At  
Topeka, Kan., there were three deaths  
due to the heat, and from Missouri  
1,200 deaths were reported.

In Chicago there were ten deaths and  
one man driven insane. In Indianapolis  
there were two deaths, and four  
deaths were reported from New York.

Eight deaths occurred in Omaha,  
Nebr., as the result of the heat, and  
reports of a lesser number of fatalities  
are coming in from the smaller cities in  
the Southwest.

The reports from Europe tell of sim-  
ilar suffering from the terrific heat.

## ITALIANS ON THEIR WAY

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—A large  
party of Italians left here today un-  
der charge of Dr. A. J. Fulton of New  
York under contract to work on sugar  
plantations in Hawaii. The quarantine  
having kept out Porto Ricans, and the  
Hawaiian planters needing more labor,  
they have resolved to try aliens from  
Louisiana, as many of them have  
worked in the sugar fields, and under-  
stand the cultivation of sugar cane.  
Several small parties have already  
been taken to Hawaii and have given  
such satisfaction that the planters  
want more. It is said that the Spreck-  
els plantation alone has contracted for  
2,000 Italians. Another party will leave  
next week, and shipments will be kept  
up weekly until the number of labor-  
ers needed in Hawaii is secured.

A lame shoulder is usually caused  
by rheumatism of the muscles, and  
may be cured by a few applications of  
Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by  
Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., general  
agents, H. T.

## LAND TITLE IS GOOD

Corporations May  
Hold Over 1000  
Acres.

(From Thursday's daily.)

Judge Gear made an important ruling  
yesterday in his written opinion in the  
case of J. B. Atherton vs. Wahiawa  
Sugar Co., Ltd., one which in effect  
holds that the Organic Act, wherein  
it limits the holding of any corporation  
to 1,000 acres of land, does not affect  
the title of the land, unless through a  
direct proceeding, instituted by the  
sovereign, in this case the Government.

The ruling has an important bearing  
on the holdings of the various sugar  
companies, in that it holds the title to  
lands in excess of 1,000 acres not void,  
but voidable, to which the sovereign  
alone can object.

The court sustains the objections to  
the answer and orders the portion ob-  
jected to as scandalous and impertinent  
expunged. The bill alleged that, April  
23, 1899, George Galloway leased certain  
land to John Emmelhuth, which the lat-  
ter assigned to the defendant, Febru-  
ary 26, 1900; that on September 27, Gal-  
loway leased the same land to the  
plaintiff. The defendant failed to pay  
the rent in October, 1900, which it is  
alleged constituted a forfeiture of lease,  
and the plaintiff entered into posses-  
sion. Defendant refuses to cancel said  
lease, and sets up as a defense that  
plaintiff's rights rest as trustee of the  
Wahiawa Agricultural Co., "an Hawa-  
ian corporation which already holds  
in excess of 1,000 acres, in contraven-  
tion of section 55 of the act to provide  
a government for the Territory of Ha-  
waii."

It was also alleged by defendant that  
"the said Joseph B. Atherton is not en-  
titled to the aid or assistance in any  
way of a court of equity in furtherance  
of such attempted violation of the law.  
This latter allegation is the one ordered  
expunged as impertinent and scandalous.

The court upholds plaintiff's conten-  
tion and holds that his title to the land  
is good. The exceptions are sustained.

In his reference to the alleged viola-  
tion of section 55 of the Organic Act,  
Judge Gear quotes from numerous op-  
inions, "Where a corporation is not al-  
lowed to take and hold title to real  
estate a conveyance to it is not void but  
merely voidable; the sovereign alone can  
object. It is valid until assailed in a  
direct proceeding instituted for that pur-  
pose."

"Defendants' counsel admits that a  
deed to a corporation of property by  
which the corporation would own over  
1,000 acres of land would not be void,  
but only voidable and they contend that  
while the plaintiff in this act may do  
as he pleases with the land as far as the  
defendant is concerned, yet the moment  
he comes into a court of equity to ask  
the aid of the court, the court will refuse  
to lend its aid on the ground stated by  
the well known maxim, 'That he who  
comes into a court of equity must come  
with clean hands,' and that the plaintiff  
having obtained the land by contraven-  
tion of the terms of the Organic Act, can-  
not be heard in a court of equity to ask  
its aid."

It is held that this point is not well  
taken, in the case at issue, the maxim  
being only applicable to the transaction  
with regard to which it is raised, which  
is not the one involved in the suit.  
Mary H. Atcherly has filed suit of  
ejectment against the Kapilani Estate,  
Limited, Kaimukie, King's Kaikimoe,  
Kaula Hale, Mrs. Kaulahine Haima,  
Punahoa, Mahoe, Hugo K. Kawelo, Lew-  
ers & Cooke, Limited, and Abigail K.  
Campbell. The plaintiff complains of the  
defendants that they have unjustly and  
contrary to law and the rights of plain-  
tiff taken into their possession and con-  
verted to their use and occupation a por-  
tion of land situated at Honolulu, on  
Queen street and Punchbowl streets, in  
Honolulu, containing an area of 2 30-100  
acres. Plaintiff claims a title in fee sim-  
ple to said property by purchase from  
Moses Kapaekapa, who obtained it by  
deed from Kinimaka, the original  
patentee, and claims damages in the sum  
of \$5,000. The plaintiff asks for the res-  
titution of the property and damages for  
its retention.

TAX COURT WILL MEET.  
Notice has been given by W. L. Wil-  
cox, president of the Court of Tax Ap-  
peals for Honolulu, that said board will  
hold its first session this afternoon at  
1:30, in the office of C. Boile, No. 19 Mer-  
chant street.

SUPREME COURT DECISION.  
The Supreme Court yesterday handed  
down a decision in the case of H. K.  
Kauhe vs. Mrs. Auma, Ah Kee and  
others for ejectment, sustaining the rul-  
ing of the Fifth Circuit Court.

The syllabus of the decision was as fol-  
lows:  
In an action for ejectment, proof by  
the plaintiff of a connected chain of title  
back to the Government is a prima facie  
showing of title; and, in such case, proof  
of possession by one of plaintiff's pre-  
decessors in interest need not be made  
in order to defeat a motion for a non-  
suit.

The evidence in this case, the defense  
being that of adverse possession, held  
sufficient under the instructions given by  
the trial court, to support a verdict for  
the plaintiff.

NAME COURT OFFICIALS.  
Republican Committee Choses Clerk  
and Bailiff.

Judge George D. Gear, appointed by  
President McKinley as second circuit  
judge, has left to the Republican Cen-  
tral Committee the matter of making  
appointments in his court. He is en-  
titled to the appointment of a clerk,  
court interpreter and Grand Jury bail-  
iff, and asked the committee to make  
recommendations for those offices. The  
committee at a meeting held Tuesday  
evening recommended A. G. Kaulukou  
for the clerkship and Emil Ney as  
bailiff to the Grand Jury. No appointee  
was recommended for interpreter. All  
the members of the committee praised  
the action of the judge, as being in the  
interest of organization politics.

## SCHLEY SAYS TIME TO ACT

Admiral Will Now  
Move Against  
Detractors.

NEW YORK, July 20.—"This is no  
time for talking; it is a time for ac-  
tion." This was Rear Admiral Winfield  
Scott Schley's answer tonight to a re-  
quest for a statement of his intentions  
in regard to the attack made on him in  
the third volume of Edgar Stanton  
Macley's "History of the Navy." It  
foreshadowed Admiral Schley's pur-  
pose of taking measures to call Macley  
to account for the accusation of cow-  
ardice and falsehood imputed to him in  
the volume which has just been issued  
from the press.

Admiral Schley was found at the  
summer home of his son-in-law, R. M.  
S. Wortley, at Great Neck, L. I. "Have  
you anything to say?" he was asked,  
"in regard to the points at issue in the  
Cuban campaign?"

"The Brooklyn inflicted 55 per cent of  
the damage done to the Spanish fleet,"  
said Admiral Schley, "and she received  
54 per cent of the damage sustained by  
the American fleet. These facts  
speak for themselves, and I have nothing  
to add to them."

Admiral Schley spoke like a man who  
has endured to the limit of his capacity  
the taunts of his opponents.

BOSTON, July 22.—Referring to Mac-  
ley's naval history, which has been  
criticized by Secretary Long on account  
of the statements considered objection-  
able, Rear Admiral Sampson said to-  
day:

"I was Commander in Chief of the  
squadron, and was responsible, so far  
as reading the proofs goes. If the histo-  
rian has taken facts from my official  
reports to the Navy Department, that's  
all well and good.  
"I stand by first reports and official  
communications.  
"I would welcome an investigation by  
Congress or by the Navy Department,  
but I see no hope of its being taken up.  
"Schley's first statements regarding  
the battle of Santiago were moderately  
correct. The interviews given some  
time afterward were not correct. They  
were entirely different from his first  
accounts and were written in a differ-  
ent spirit, I think. An interview pur-  
porting to have come from Admiral  
Schley, published, I believe, on January  
6, was entirely incorrect.

"Soon after this statement appeared  
in print he came aboard my ship and  
told me that he had been incorrectly  
quoted. The reporter to whom the in-  
terview was granted was a friend of  
mine and he afterward told me that he  
had published Schley's words practi-  
cally as they had been spoken."

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Optimistic  
officers who desire an official investiga-  
tion of the charges against Schley are  
basing some hope on the statements in  
the Schley newspapers that Schley is  
being urged to demand an investigation  
by Congress or to seek redress in the  
courts through the medium of a libel  
suit against Macley. The Navy De-  
partment feels powerless to take the  
initiative. It is understood, in view of  
its recommendation that Admiral  
Schley be advanced for his services in  
the West Indies.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, in  
an interview completely vindicated  
Rear Admiral Schley from the charge  
that he was dilatory in his movement  
from Cienfuegos to Santiago, which  
has been the basis of the allegation  
that he disobeyed orders and should  
have been court-martialed.

Thus Secretary Long and Admiral  
Evans exonerate Schley from all the  
charges against him. According to  
Evans' statement, Schley was not in  
possession of the code of signals which  
had been arranged with the insurgents  
by Commander McCalla, whereby the  
Cubans were to inform the American  
ships whether or not Cervera's squad-  
ron entered Cienfuegos. Thus two days,  
at least, were lost by the blunder or  
design of some naval officer who had  
not given Schley the signal code.

## LEVY FAVORS THE ORIENTALS

Believes They Are Necessary  
for Proper Local De-  
velopment.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—After a  
five weeks' sojourn in the Hawaiian  
Islands, Rabbi M. S. Levy of the Beth  
Israel congregation, returned to this  
city on the steamer Sierra yesterday.  
While in the Islands Rabbi Levy made  
a tour of the sugar plantations of  
Oahu to investigate the condition of  
Porto Rican laborers and of labor prob-  
lems generally.  
"The introduction of Porto Rican la-  
borers," said he, "has not solved the  
problem of labor in the Hawaiian Is-  
lands. There are now about 6,000 men,  
women and children of this class in the  
Islands, about 1,600 of which are men.  
There is a strong well defined move-  
ment on foot in the Islands now to  
secure special legislation to admit  
Asiatics, and it seems to me that is the  
solution of the labor question there.  
As it is now, not even a Chinese citi-  
zen of Hawaii can enter the Mainland  
here, and it is a well-established fact  
that white men cannot do the work  
that is required of them in the cane  
fields.  
"There are enormous acres of land  
that cannot now be utilized for lack  
of laborers, and if Asiatics are admit-  
ted they could be used in developing  
these lands in a way that would double  
the sugar output of the Islands. This  
could in no way antagonize the white  
man's labor interests, and on the other  
hand, it would throw thousands of dol-  
lars' worth of business into the hands  
of the merchants and workmen of this  
city and coast. And the Chinese ex-  
clusion law as regards this country  
need not suffer any change."

## INSURANCE

**Theo. H. Davies & Co.**  
(Limited.)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND  
MARINE INSURANCE.

**Northern Assurance Company**  
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND  
LIFE. Established 1836.  
Accumulated Funds .... £3,975,000.

**British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co**  
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.  
Capital ..... £1,000,000

Reduction of Rates.  
Immediate Payment of Claims.

**THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.**  
AGENTS.

## Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co

The undersigned having been ap-  
pointed agents of the above company  
are prepared to insure risks against  
fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and  
on Merchandise stored therein on the  
most favorable terms. For particulars  
apply at the office of  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., AGTS.

**German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co**  
OF BERLIN.

**Fortuna General Insurance Co**  
OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have  
established a general agency here, and  
the undersigned, general agents, are  
authorized to take risks against the  
dangers of the sea at the most reason-  
able rates and on the most favorable  
terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,  
General Agents.

**General Insurance Co. for Sea,  
River and Land Transport.  
of Dresden.**

Having established an agency at Ho-  
nolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the  
undersigned general agents are au-  
thorized to take risks against the dangers  
of the sea at the most reasonable rates  
and on the most favorable terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and  
reserve, reichsmarks ..... 6,000,000  
Capital their reinsurance com-  
panies ..... 101,650,000  
Total reichsmarks ..... 107,650,000

## North German Fire Insurance Co OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and  
reserve, reichsmarks ..... 8,850,000  
Capital their reinsurance com-  
panies ..... 35,000,000  
Total reichsmarks ..... 43,850,000

The undersigned, general agents of  
the above two companies, for the Ha-  
waiian Islands, are prepared to insure  
Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and  
Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar  
and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the har-  
bor, against loss or damage by fire on  
the most favorable terms.

**H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited**

## The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD  
FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every  
wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches  
convince us, that price considered, the  
Elgin is the most satisfactory of Amer-  
ican Watches.  
Cased in

**Nickle, Silver, Gold Filled  
and Solid Gold.**

We have a full line and sell them at  
right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time  
keeping and lasting qualities, and that  
is why we are right in pushing the  
Elgin Watch.

**H. F. WICHMAN**  
BOX 342.

## How to Save Fuel